It is imperative that the Federal Reserve's Open Market Committee lower short-term interest rates when they meet next Tuesday. Not only will this send a signal to the global marketplace that we are committed to the strength of our economy, but it will also help alleviate the coming credit lunch.

Last night I introduced House Concurrent Resolution 329, calling on the Federal Reserve Board to lower interest rates as soon as possible. I urge all of my colleagues to join me in sending this strong message to the Fed that the health of our economy depends on their expeditious action.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from California (Mr. BILBRAY) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. BILBRAY addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extension of Remarks.)

BALANCING THE BUDGET ON THE BACK OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY TRUST FUND

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Minnesota (Mr. MINGE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. MINGE. Mr. Speaker, I would like to address this body about the condition of the budget resolution that Congress is supposed to have passed several months ago. Indeed, it was supposed to have been completed on April 15th, and, here we are, we are in the last seven days of September, and we still have no budget.

Now, there are some that say, what is the worry? Is the budget not balanced? Can we not forget about having a Federal budget resolution that sets the spending levels for the various programs that we operate as a government? I submit we cannot.

There is good news. It does appear that if you only look at what is called the unified budget, which includes some surplus in the Social Security program, indeed we will have a surplus. But if you back out this borrowing from the Social Security program rather than the surplus, it now appears that we will have a deficit in the neighborhood of \$70 billion.

It does not make sense, Mr. Speaker, for us to continue to borrow from the Social Security Trust Fund, to take those payroll taxes that Americans are paying into the Social Security program and that their employers are matching, and to use part of that to operate the Federal Government.

When we say we have a surplus, we should reserve that phrase for the situation where we are no longer borrowing from the Social Security program.

□ 1845

No, we do not have a surplus. We have a deficit this year. We need a budget resolution. We cannot simply brush this off as a formality that is not important.

There is another reason that we ought to have a budget resolution this year. That is because we are considering a reduction in taxes. I think every Member of this body would like to see us reduce taxes. The question is not should we reduce taxes, but the question is, when should we do it? A budget resolution would help us make this decision in a more rational fashion.

The proposal that we will be considering later this week will require an \$80 billion tax cut or provide for an \$80 billion tax cut over a period of 5 years. Many of us feel that this tax cut ought to be conditioned on first balancing the budget without using Social Security. We ought to say that we are not going to somehow take money from the payroll tax program and use that to support a tax cut. Instead, let us make sure that we either cut Federal programs to support that tax cut, or we truly have a surplus, and then have the tax cut.

Mr. Speaker, I think it is time for all of us in this body to call upon our leadership to appoint a conference committee so that the House and the Senate can get together and finally adopt a budget resolution.

When we adopt that budget resolution, we will know and this Nation will know that, No. 1, we do not have a surplus yet this year; and No. 2, they will know that if indeed we are going to talk about a tax cut, the only responsible way to discuss that tax cut is with full awareness that it is being financed with payroll taxes that otherwise ought to be set aside and protected for the Social Security program.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BASS). Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from the District of Columbia (Ms. NORTON) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Ms. NORTON addressed the House. Her remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from Hawaii (Mrs. MINK) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mrs. MINK of Hawaii addressed the House. Her remarks will appear in the Extensions of Remarks.)

TRIBUTE TO THE LATE REVEREND DR. AMOS WALLER

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. DAVIS) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I rise to pay tribute to a great organizer, a visionary leader, a coalition-builder, a singer, and a preacher of the gospel, the Reverend Dr. Amos Waller, who recently made his transition and passed through this life.

Every once in a while a leader comes along who is gifted with the ability to magnetize people and draw them into his presence, and keep them returning for more of whatever it was that they were receiving. Such has been the life and is the legacy of the Reverend Dr. Amos Waller, founder and pastor of the Mercy Seat Missionary Baptist Church.

Reverend Waller was a graduate of the Selma, Alabama, University of Baptist Faith, and was ordained as a minister in 1956. For the next 42 years he has been a preacher, pastor, revival evangelist, and lecturer, and was a chaplin for the A.R. Leak Funeral Home.

In addition to his work as pastor of Mercy Seat, Dr. Waller organized the WestSide Ministers Alliance, served with the Neighborhood Assistance Program in the city of Chicago's Department of Human Services, was politically active in his neighborhood, and provided food and shelter for the poor and needy members of his community.

As a matter of fact, not only did he provide food for the needy, but he was one who believed in the doctrine that man does not live by bread alone, and so a typical Sunday after services, hundreds of people would gather in his dining room for chicken and dressing and potatoes and turnip greens, and all of the other delights that he was noted for.

The Reverend Waller was a man of great diversity who became a board member of the National Baptist Convention U.S.A., and was a great friend of and worked closely with Reverend Sun Myung Moon. In August of 1995 he participated in an international marriage ceremony where 42 couples from his church united with over 3 million others throughout the world as they took and renewed marriage vows.

Reverend Waller has been a developer of ministers and of churches, and out of Mercy Seat came the New Home Baptist Church, where the Reverend Mac McCullough is the pastor; the Greater St. John Baptist Church, where the Reverend LeRoy Elliot is pastor; the Grace Temple Baptist Church, where Reverend Dennis Will is pastor; the Full Gospel Church, where Evangelist Betty Yancy is pastor; True Light Missionary Baptist Church, where the Reverend Freddie Brooks is pastor; Greater Damascus Missionary Baptist Church, where the Reverend Curley Brooks is pastor; New Christian Center, where the Reverend Greg Macon is pastor, and the Pleasant Valley Baptist Church, where Reverend Sparks is pas-

Reverend Waller was affectionately known as Daddy by many of the younger ministers in his community and throughout the area, because he embraced them all.

Reverend Waller received awards from the mayor of Chicago, the Governor of Illinois. He and Mrs. Waller, who preceded him in death, were presented the 1996 Parents of the Year award for Illinois, in conjunction with a proclamation by President Clinton declaring July 26, 1996, as Parents Day.